

Near-Real-Time Structural Health Monitoring with Multiple Sensors in a Cloud Environment (Leveraging NASA and NSF projects)

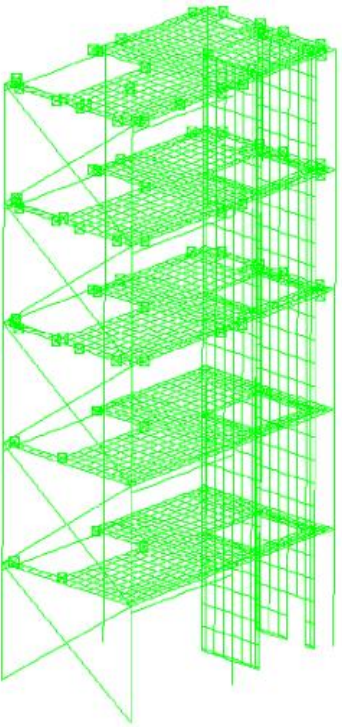
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**IN22B Near Real Time/Low Latency Data for Earth
Science and Space Weather Applications
2017 Fall AGU Meeting
December 12, 2017
New Orleans**



Saving Lives Through Long-Term Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)

Collapse of the 5-story CTV building in Christchurch, New Zealand



115 people died on February 21, 2011 during the Mw6.2 Christchurch earthquake. Most experts agree that the CTV building suffered significant damage during the September 3, 2010 Mw7.2 Canterbury earthquake.

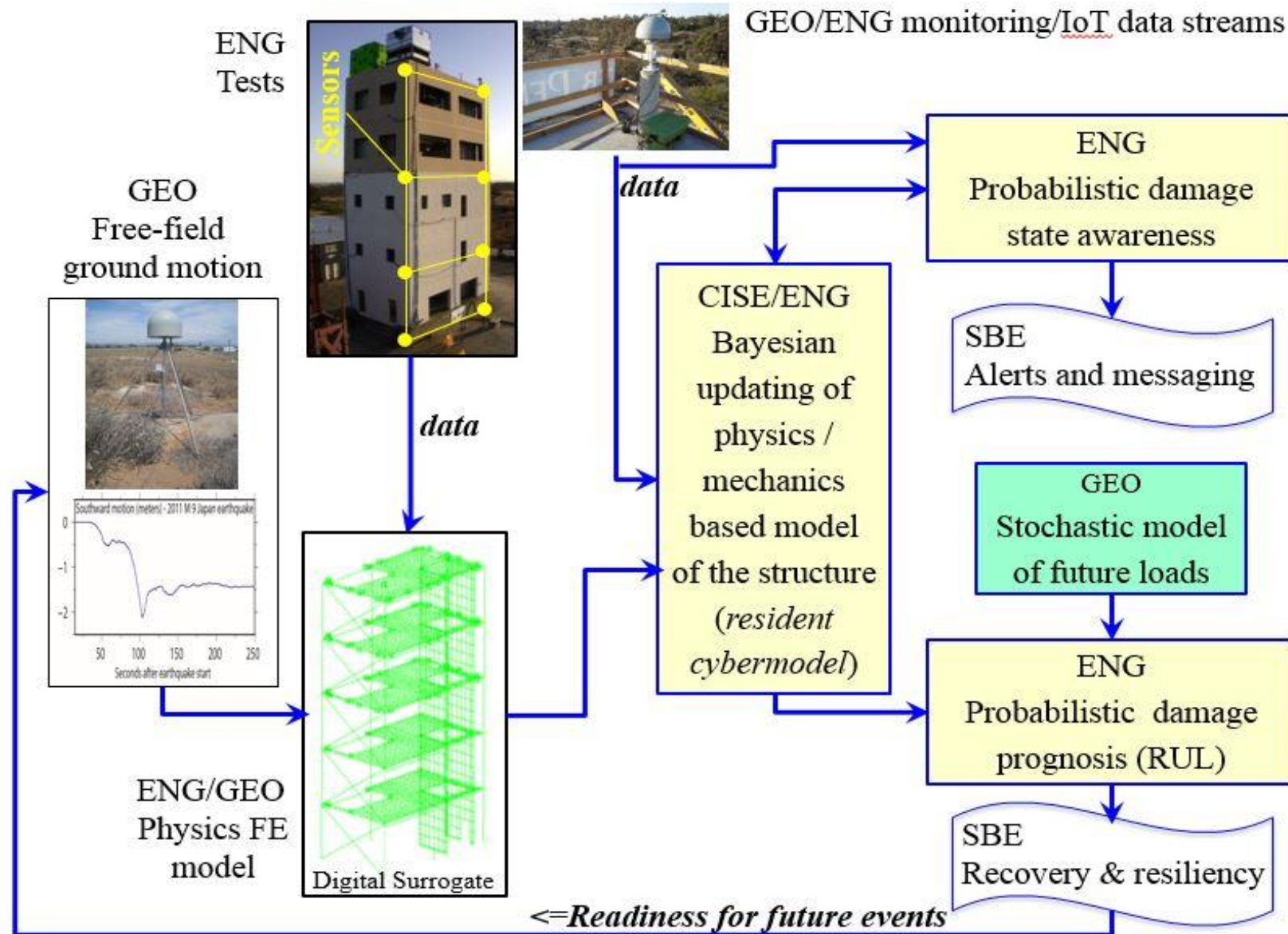
If SHM had been in place any cumulative damage would have been monitored and loss of life may have been averted.

(Photos: New Zealand Herald <http://www.nzherald.co.nz>)

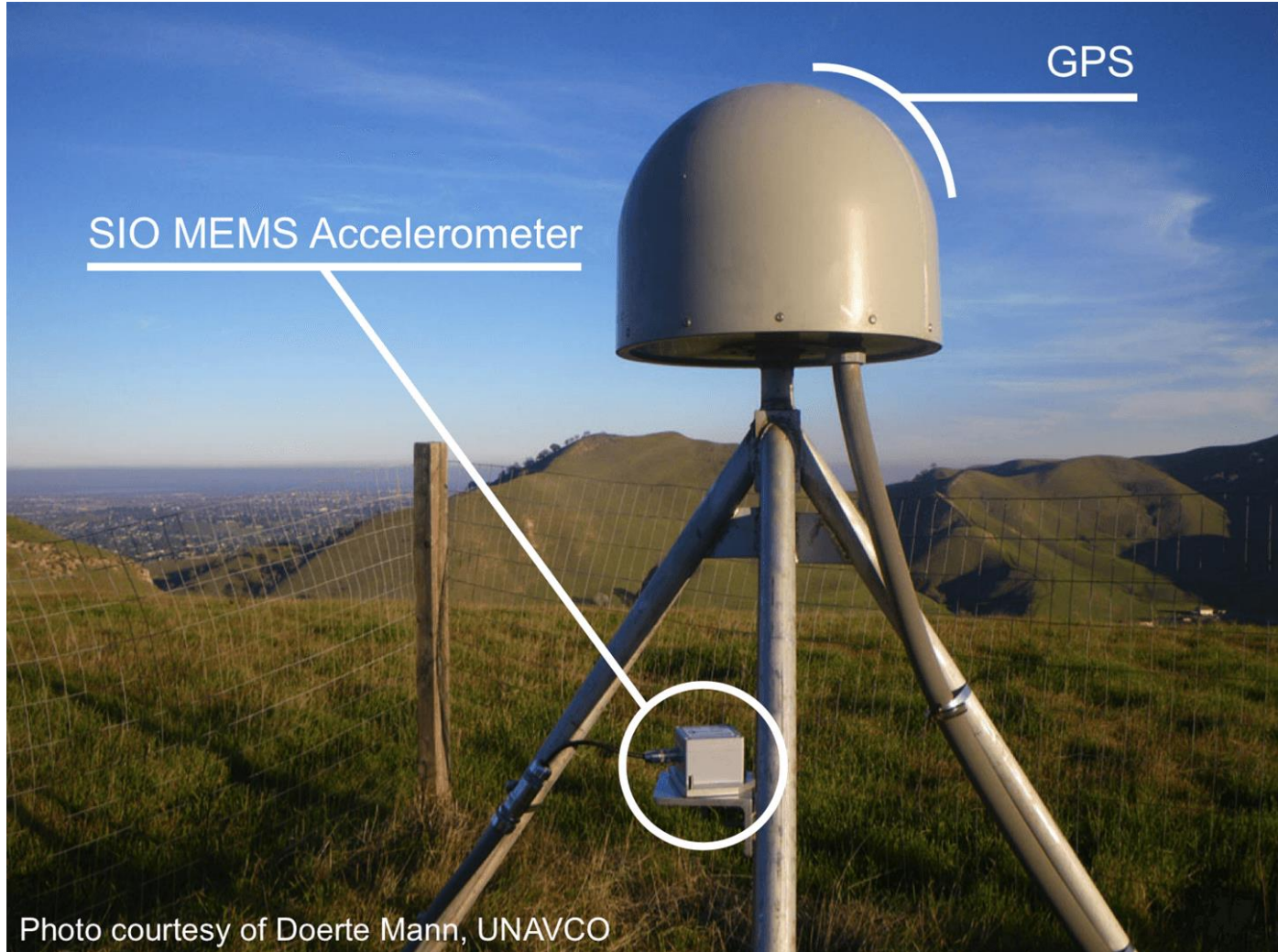
Saving Lives Through Near-Real-Time Structural Health Monitoring (SHM)



Creation of a Resident Cybermodel for SHM Analysis



Development of Seismogeodetic Instruments for Earthquake & Tsunami Monitoring (NASA/AIST and NSF IF/Earthscope Projects)



Seismogeodetic
velocities, $v(t)$



Seismogeodetic
displacements, $x(t)$



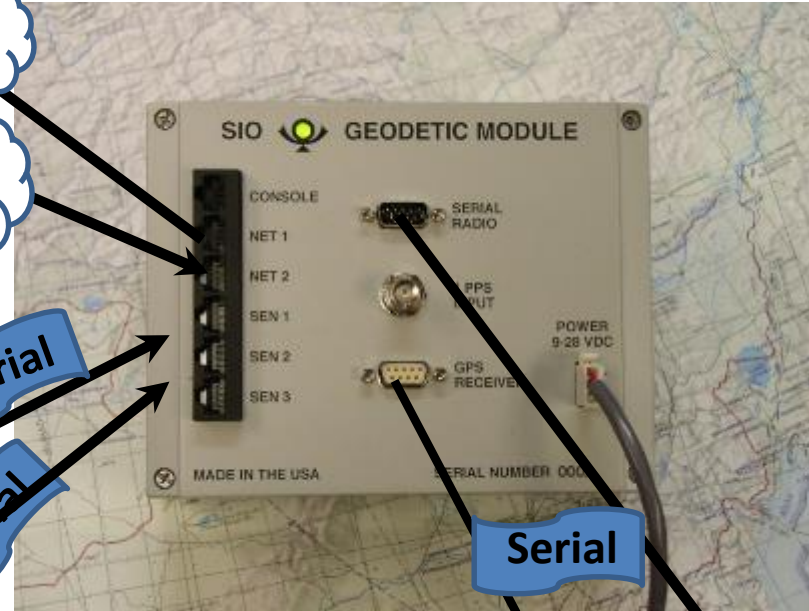
GAP at GNSS Station (NASA AIST and NSF IF/Earthscope projects)

**Upgraded 15
GNSS stations in
southern
California and 10
in the Bay Area
(SOPAC &
UNAVCO)**

Sensor
Web

Displacements
Velocities
PWV
Alerts

GAP client
Raw Data
Products



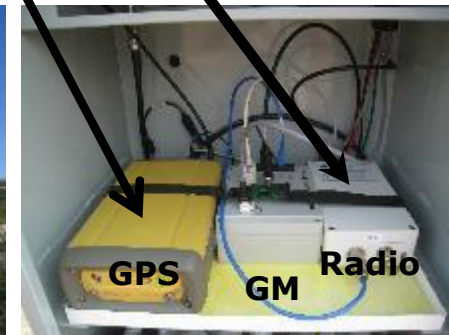
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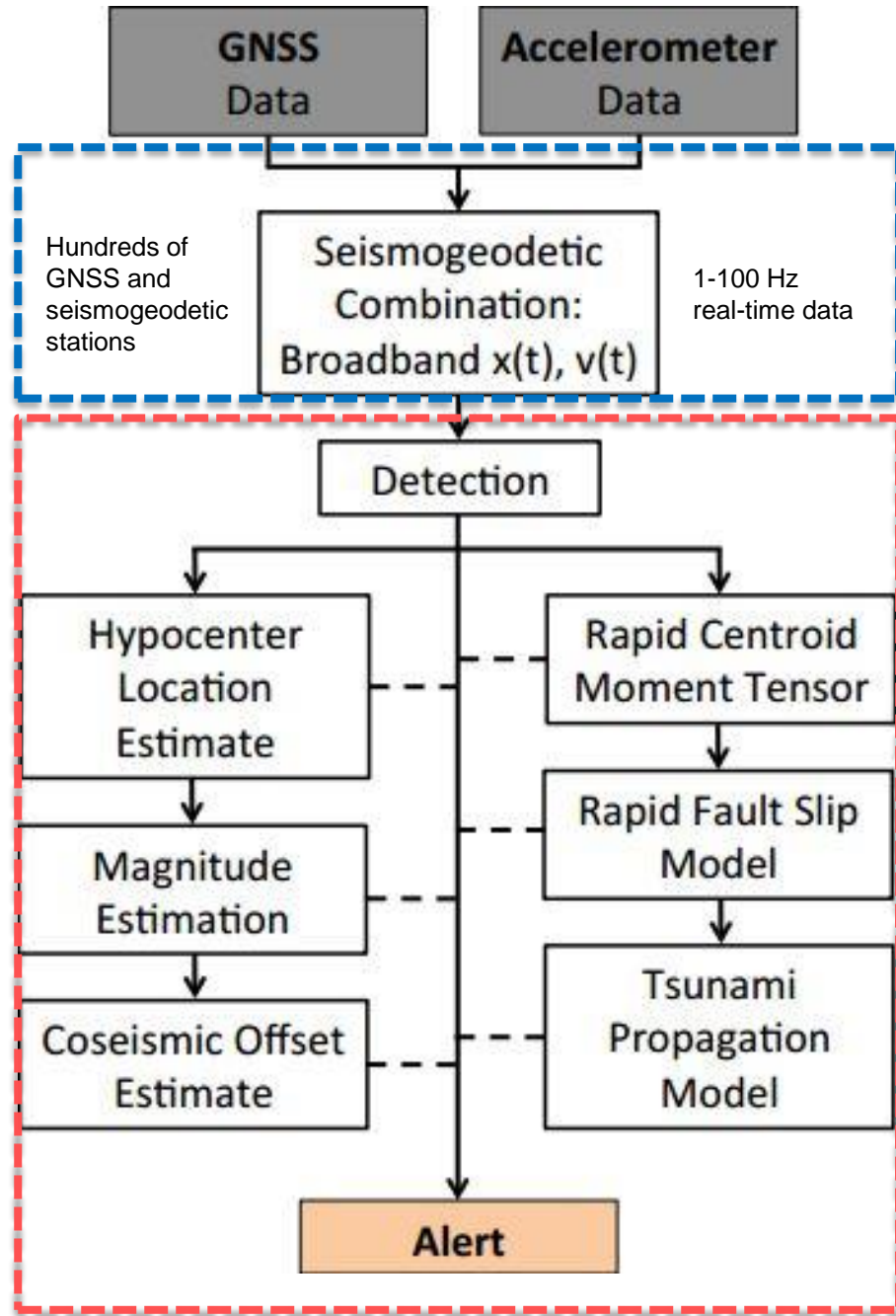


MEMS Sensors



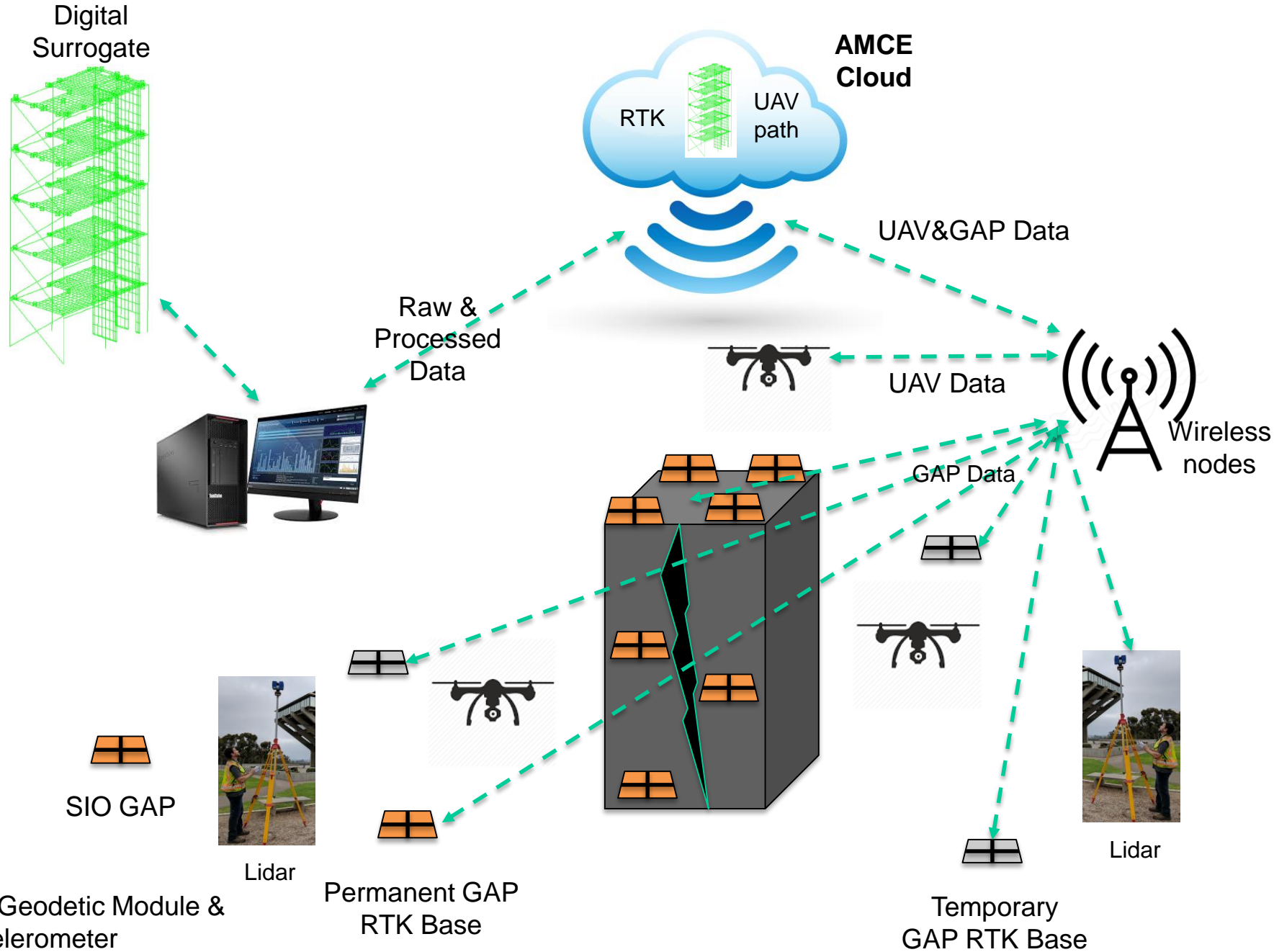
GAP – SIO Geodetic Module &
MEMS Accelerometer

Elements of near-real-time seismogeodetic earthquake and local tsunami warning system – Migrate from server to Cloud environment (NASA AIST and NASA/NOAA Local Tsunami Warning Disasters Project)



AIST Managed Cloud Environment (AMCE)
Amazon Web Services (AWS)

Multi-Sensor Near Real Time Structural Monitoring



- Create baseline digital surrogate using all sensors
- GNSS/GAP continuous monitoring
- In emergency, fly UAVs with similar trajectory as baseline survey
- Cloud allows for heavy UAV image processing and emergency response to be controlled from any location

UCSD LHPOST Experiments

UAV Imaging and Roof GNSS Estimation of Tilt

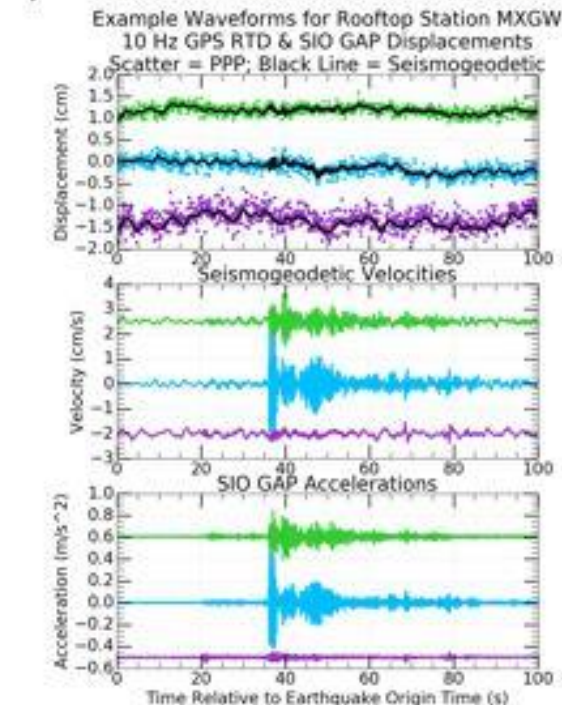
(NASA Disasters program)



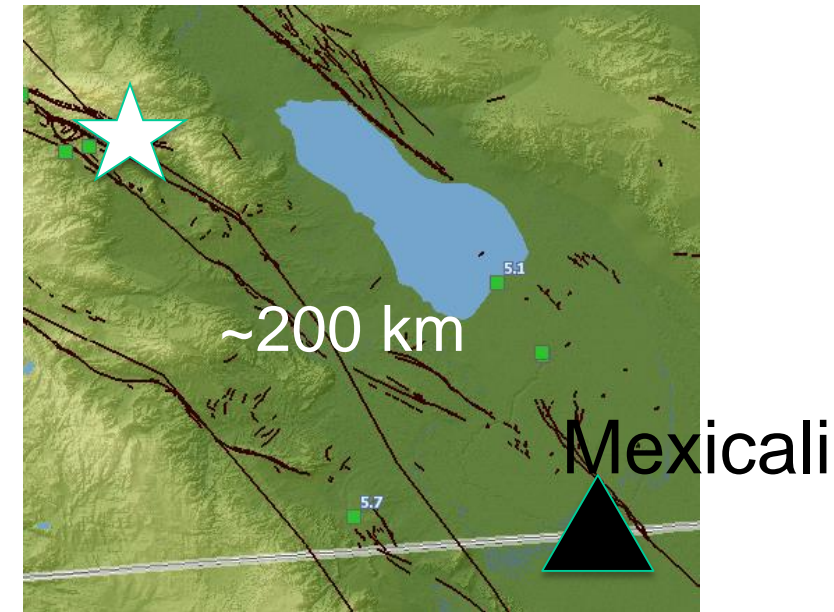
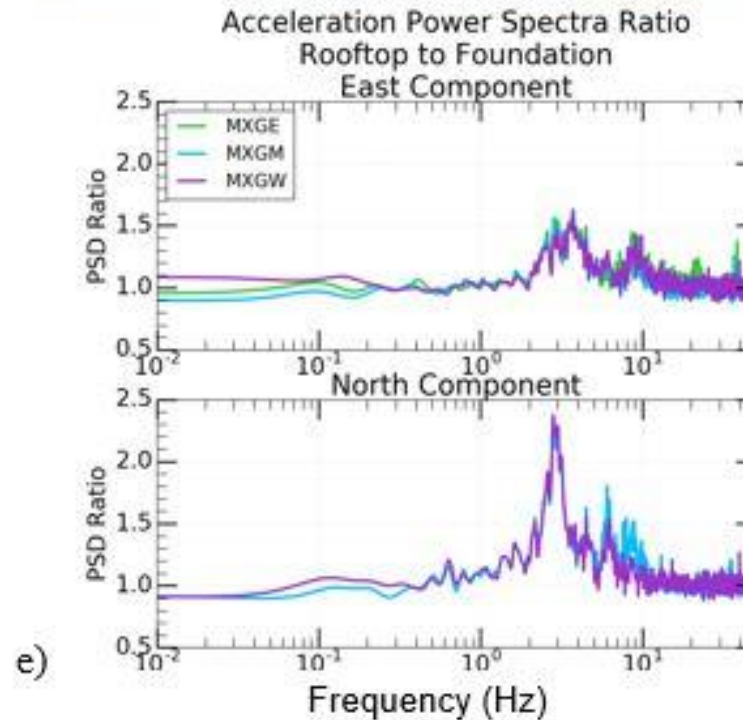
UAV images of a 6-story wall-braced mid-rise CFS building on UCSD's LHPOST shake table subjected to full-scale earthquake shaking and live thermal (fire) testing

Source: Tara Hutchinson, USCD Structural Engineering Department.

Mexicali Parking Garage Project: Effects of 2016 Mw5.2 Borrego Springs Earthquake (NASA Disasters Project)



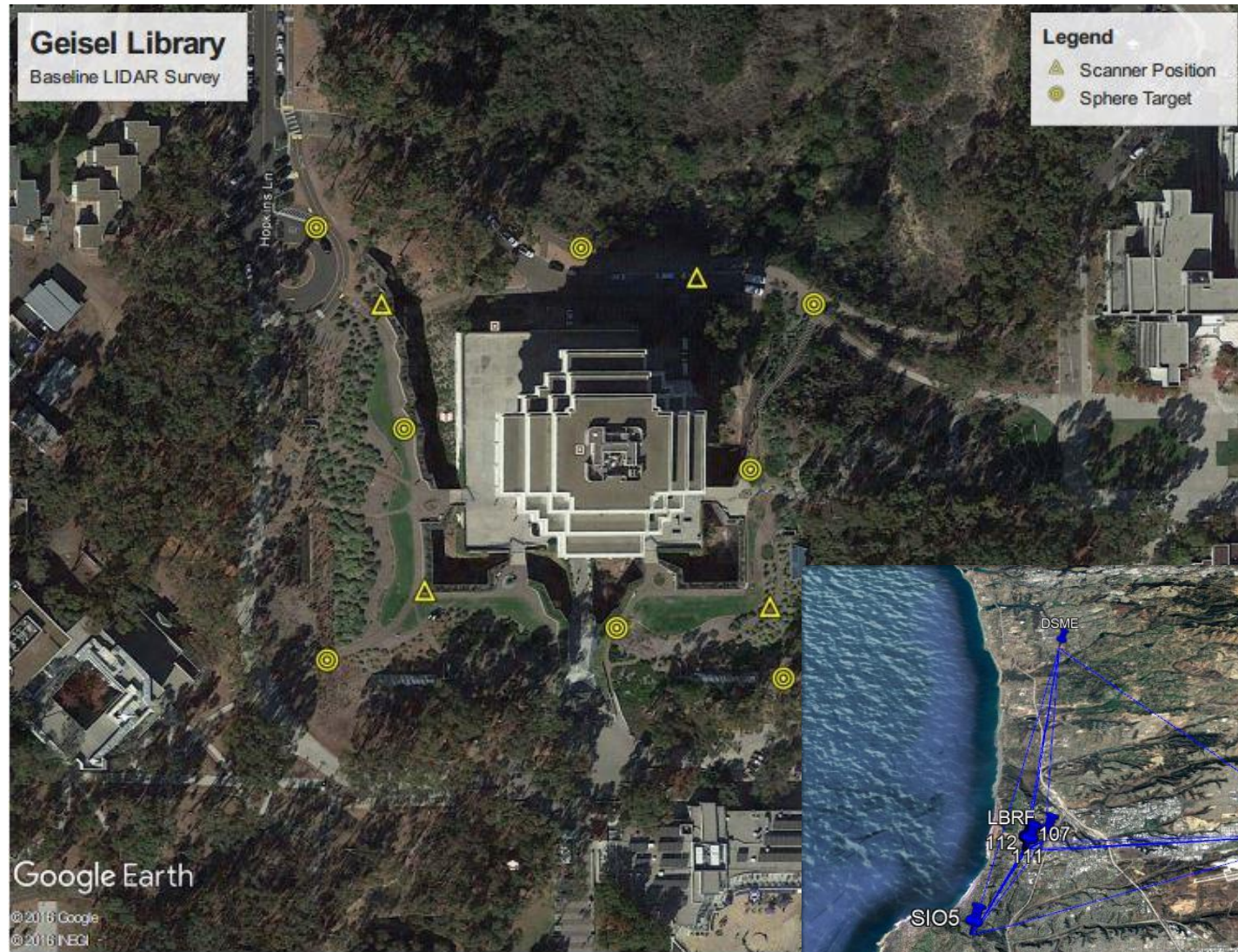
d)





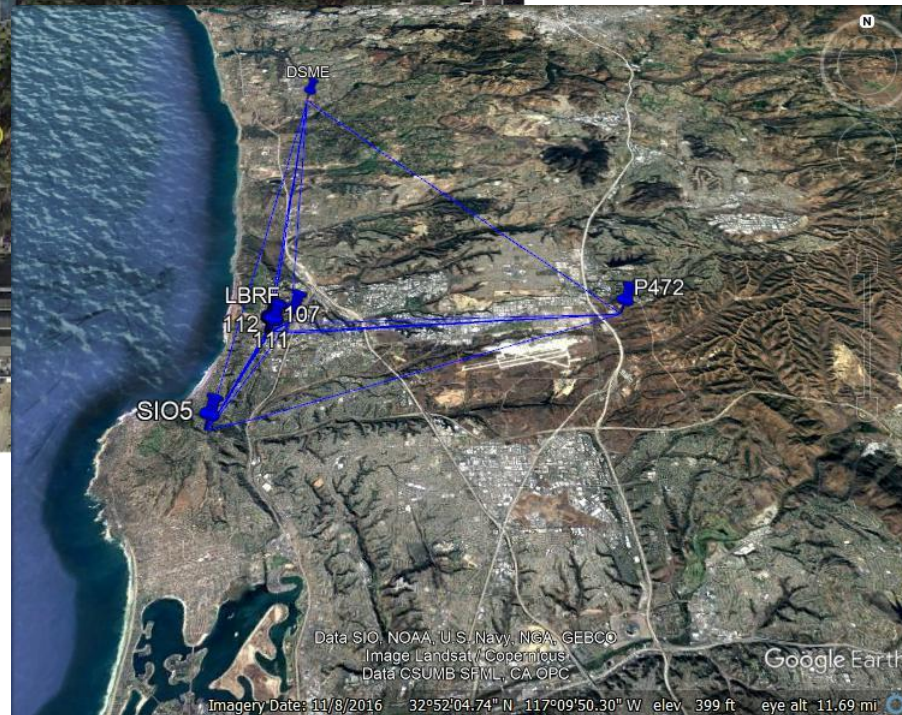
**UCSD Geisel Library
Multi-Sensor Baseline
Survey
July 28, 2017
(NASA Disasters)**





Geo-Referencing Lidar

Ground survey: GNSS,
total station, differential
leveling



**UCSD Geisel Library
Survey
July 28, 2017**

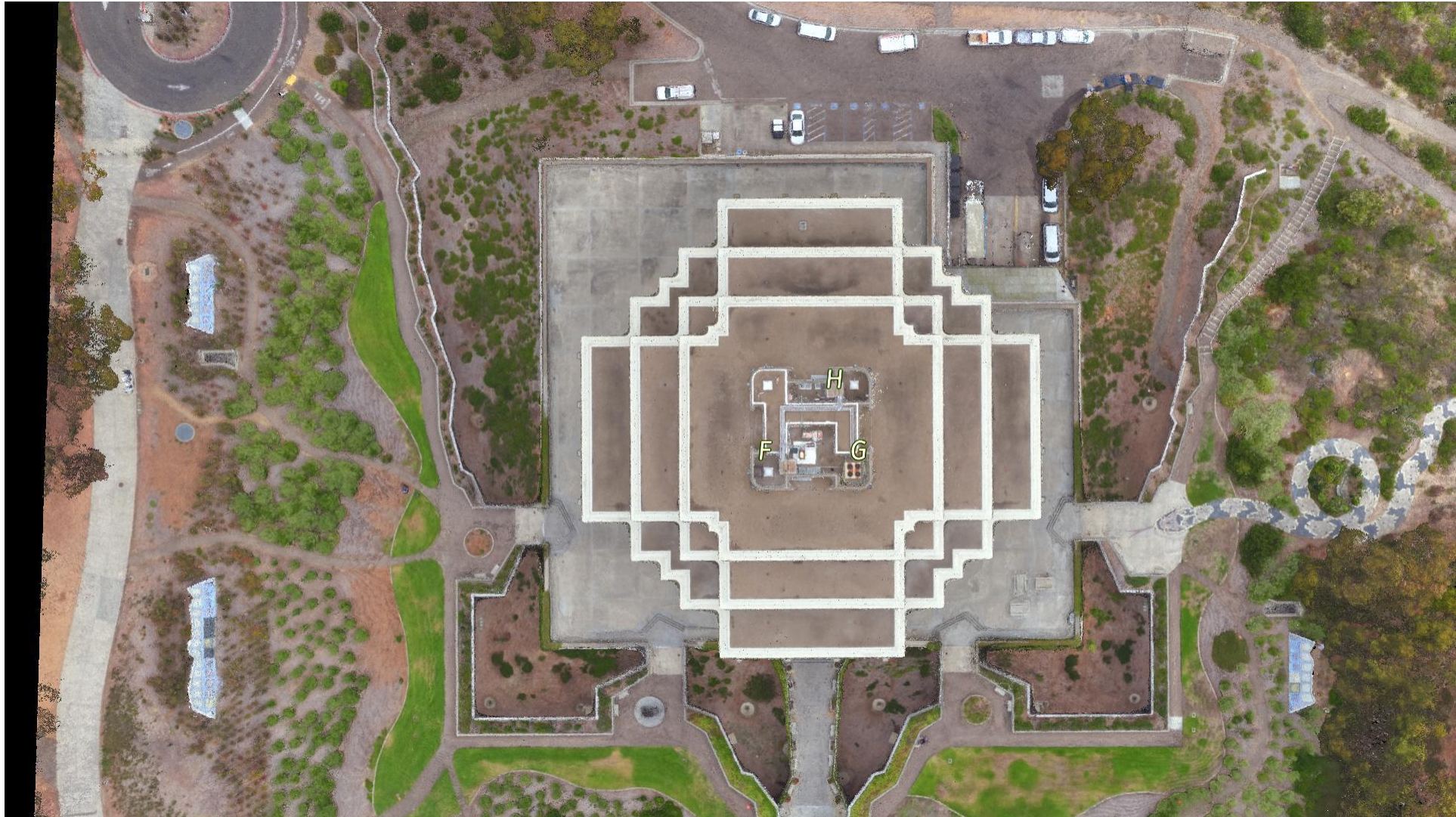
Lidar Imaging

UCSD Geisel Library July 28, 2017



UAV Imaging

UCSD Geisel Library July 28, 2017



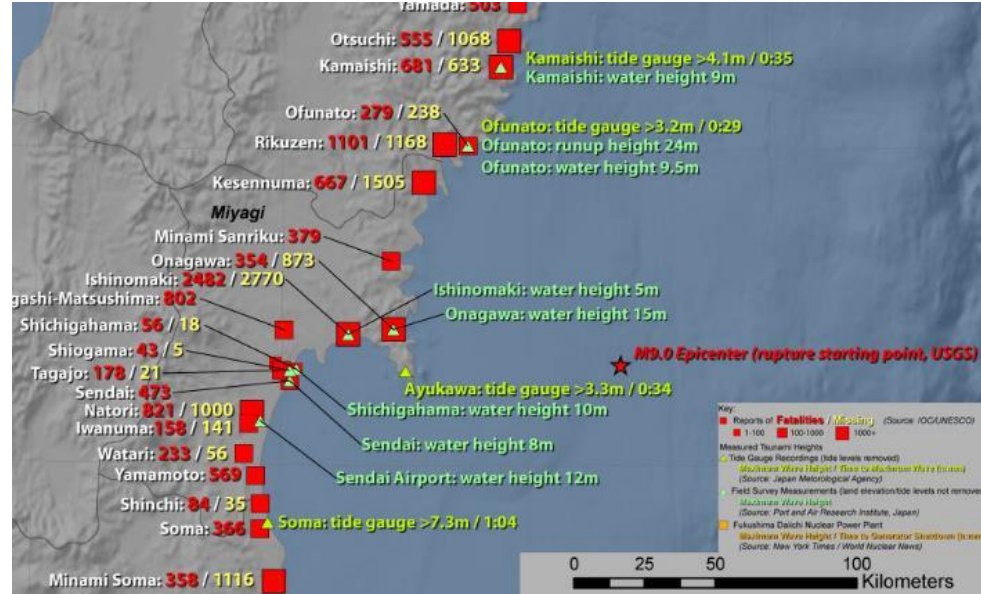
UAV Imaging

UCSD Geisel Library July 28, 2017



Next Steps

- **Produce baseline digital surrogate**
 - Align UAV with georeferenced Lidar imagery
 - Use GNSS positions on roof to assess accuracy
- **Simulate near-real-time digital surrogate in AMCE**
- **Assess possible upgrade of UAV with geodetic-quality GNSS receiver and inertial sensor**
- **Repeat Geisel survey using AMCE**
- **Assess accuracy compared to baseline survey**
- **Identify target of opportunity with U.S. Army Corps of Engineers – dam, bridge, ...**

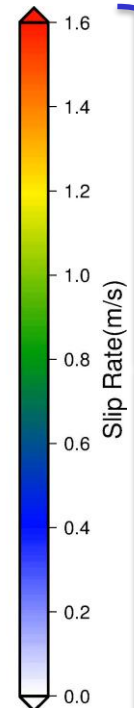
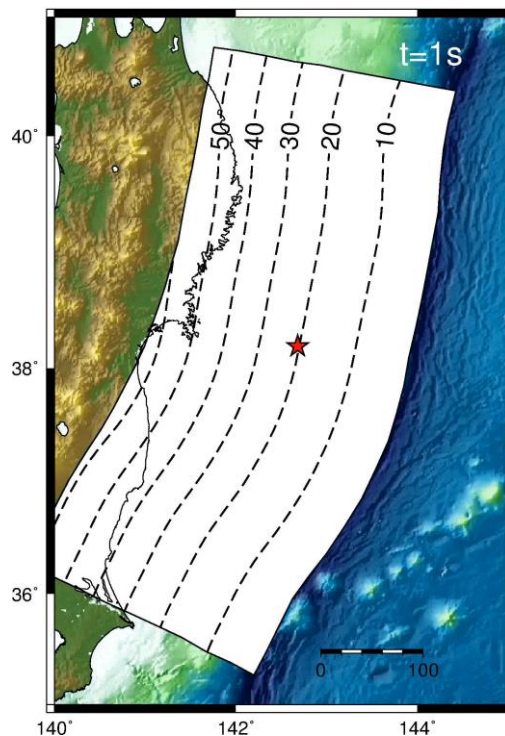
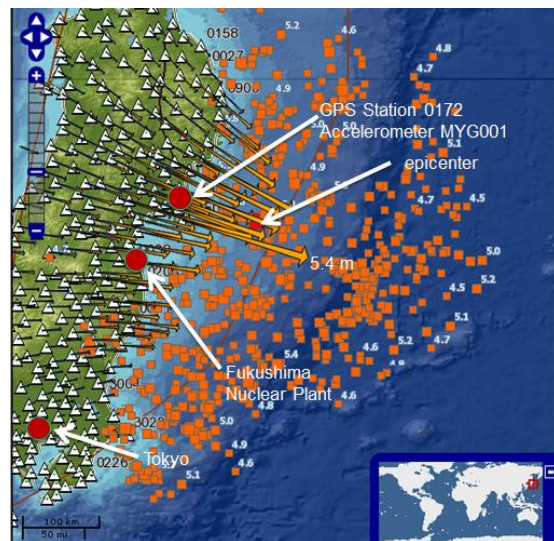


Rapid Local Tsunami Warning with Complementary Data

(NASA ESI and ACCESS projects)

Earthquake Models

Seismogeodetic Network

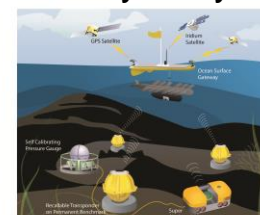


Kinematic GPS



Seafloor deformation

Topography
Bathymetry



Ocean-bottom sensors

Tsunami Prediction

